

## REIMPORTED SPIRITS

IMPORTANT TARIFF DECISION MADE BY SECRETARY CARLISLE.

Domestic Liquors Withdrawn from Bond Since Aug. 28 Must Pay a Duty of \$1.10 a Gallon.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Secretary Carlisle to-day rendered a decision on the question of the proper duty to be assessed on re-imported domestic spirits. The Secretary holds that such spirits, withdrawn from bond after the date upon which the new tariff act went into effect, Aug. 28, are subject to a duty equal to the internal revenue tax imposed by that act, namely, \$1.10 a gallon. The contention of the importers was that the duty to be assessed should equal the rate of internal revenue tax in force at the date of reimportation, which in this particular case was 90 cents a gallon. The Secretary concedes that if the duty had been paid at the time of importation, which was prior to Aug. 28, the duty would have been imposed according to the rate of internal revenue tax existing at that date. It is learned that this decision will affect very large quantities of spirits which were exported just prior to the expiration of the three-year bond period and subsequently imported in order to take advantage of the additional bonded period permitted by the law.

Secretary Carlisle has made a decision in which he holds that the paragraph in the new tariff act placing the duty on "fish, frozen or packed in ice fresh," does not apply to salt water fish inasmuch as the word "fish" specifically placed in the dutiable schedule at the rate of 1/2 of a cent per pound.

A letter to the Secretary of State from the United States Minister at Buenos Aires states that a report is current in that country that the Argentine government is likely to place either kerosene, kerosene and agricultural implements on the free list or greatly reduce the duties thereon in compliance with the United States in placing wool on the free list. Mr. Buchanan expresses the opinion that such action on the part of the Argentine government, either in whole or largely, is doubtful.

## SILVER SCHEME KILLED.

Mexico's Plan Upset by the Chinese-Japanese War.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Mexican government, which originated a glowing scheme for the rehabilitation of silver as a money metal by the union of all the nations of the Western hemisphere with the great silver-using countries of Asia, has been obliged to defer for a time at least the preliminary steps. It was in contemplation to gather delegates from these countries at an international conference, to be held in the City of Mexico, and it was part of the plan to make it uncomfortable for European nations that persisted in holding to the single gold standard by negotiating trade and commercial treaties between the nations, which would, in effect, allow splendid trade advantages to silver-using countries. But all this has fallen through for the moment, at least. The news comes from Mexico where President Diaz touched upon the subject in a message to Congress. He said that describing the reforms he had inaugurated in the Mexican finances, he says: "Unfortunately, the plan which I had adopted, referring the hostilities between the nations most deeply interested (China and Japan) having meanwhile supervened."

## NOT BIG ENOUGH.

Many Applicants for Places in the Mail Service Too Small.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—One of the requirements for the railway mail service is that applicants shall not be less than five feet four inches in height and 135 pounds in weight. Every applicant is required to undergo a physical examination by a physician, who is required, among other things, to measure and weigh the applicant. Recently the commission has adopted the practice of verifying the statements of the physicians by tests applied at the time of the physical examination. At Indianapolis, Ind., recently, out of a class of seventy competitors for the railway mail service were found to be under the requirements, either for height or weight, or both; and at Boston, out of a class of sixty-four there were also seven found to be below the required height or weight. The commission promptly canceled their examinations, and they will be deferred from certification to Indianapolis. The commission also found that height and weight was deemed by the railway mail authorities to be necessary in order to keep the mailmen from those who are physically incompetent for the proper discharge of the duties, and the Civil Service Commission is determined to contribute its part towards the maintenance of a high standard of physical capacity as well as intellectual attainment. It is also determined not to allow any person to be employed upon physical examinations in differently made, or certificates which falsify the facts.

## DUE TO THE DOCKERY LAW.

Many Clerks in the Treasury Department Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Dockery act passed at the last session of Congress for the reorganization of the clerical force and the methods of accounts in the Treasury Department will go into effect Oct. 1. This act reduced the clerical force of the department 157, which necessitates many dismissals. The Secretary, during the past six months, has been making a list of clerks, drawing salaries ranging from \$300 to \$1,500 per year, were dropped from the list and to-day the Treasury Department placed upon the temporary rolls to do up the work, and when that is done, probably before the end of the calendar year, they will also be dropped. The act provides for the new law abolishes two new whole divisions—the offices of Commissioner of Customs and the office of the Controller of the Treasury—while the force in the First Controller's office will be materially reduced. The act also provides for the abolition of the other divisions. The statement is made at the Treasury Department that of the eighty-eight clerks who will be placed on the temporary rolls, fully fifty of the more efficient will be retained.

## Mr. Lyman to Retire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A dispatch from Washington to the Evening Post states, on the authority of a man high in the councils of the administration, that Mr. Lyman will retire from the Civil Service Commission next week. Mr. Lyman was one of the original members of the commission.

## WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.

Civil Service Commissioner Lyman to-day refused to affirm or deny the correctness of the Evening Post's special. He did not care, he said, to say anything on the subject. The commission now consists of two Republicans and one Democrat, and if a change is to occur it is regarded as likely to be due to a desire to have more of the commission of the political faith of the administration. The law says not more than two members of the commission shall be of the same political faith.

## General Notes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—In payment of the interest due Oct. 1, 1894, on United States registered four-per-cent. consols of 1872 the treasury to-day mailed 26,332 checks, aggregating \$4,895,000.

The following recent appointments were announced at the White House to-day: Archie M. O'Connor, collector of customs for the district of North and South Dakota; Thomas H. Studebaker, postmaster at McGregor, Ia.

## HIS ESTATE IN A TANGLE.

Dr. Tynan Must Be Declared Alive Before He Recovers His Property.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The reappearance of Dr. Thomas E. Tynan, who mysteriously disappeared two years ago, and was absent until three days ago, will be the signal for an interesting suit in Stanislaus county, where his estate, which is valued at \$200,000, was distributed among his heirs. The Superior Court declaring him legally dead. His presence on the scene will make void all the proceedings against the executor, wherein the jury found that the doctor took in \$100 and used it as a bribe to get the estate of his wife, but he was not seen, but he was seen and spoken of by his friends.

his first wife and her two daughters by a former husband. The stepdaughters sued Tynan's executor for the total value of the estate, and appealed to the Superior Court from the decision giving a share to the second wife. As soon as the doctor is legally declared alive the stepdaughters will renew their suit, and the entire contest will be fought over again.

## MAY GET HIS DESERTS.

Informer McDaniels, Who Betrayed the Gorin Train Robbers, in Jail.

MEMPHIS, Mo., Sept. 29.—W. E. McDaniels, the informer, of Gorin (Mo.) train robbery fame, has been held to the grand jury in \$1,500 bail on the charge of conspiring to rob a train. He pleaded not guilty to the information filed against him before the justice, C. F. Sanders, and has so far failed to secure a bondsman, his own father even refusing to go on the bond. McDaniels persists in his story that he had nothing to do with the planning, simply following Overfield's instructions and keeping the railroad company informed. He was brought from Topeka by detectives J. J. Kinney and Matthews, the Santa Fe secret service, who, upon information that complaint had been made against him in behalf of the wounded and captured robbers, Abrams and Overfield, advised him to surrender and accompanied him here.

## GEORGE APPO'S STORY

CLAIMS TO BE HONORED BY NEW YORK POLICEMEN.

Throat of the Lexow Committee's Witness Cut in a Rendezvous of the "Green Goods" Swindlers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—George Appo, the Lexow committee witness, who "gave away" the doings of the "green goods" men and who was held, yesterday afternoon, in the North-river Hotel with his throat cut, was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court to-day. The cut in his throat is not a serious one. With Appo was arraigned Michael J. Reardon who, Appo now says, cut him. Appo was held for examination on a charge of having attempted suicide and Reardon was held for felonious assault.

In court Appo said that he went down to the North-river Hotel yesterday to serve some subpoenas for the Lexow committee. "While there I met the proprietor, Baar," continued Appo, "Baar's place was the rendezvous of the 'green goods' men. He used to get \$10 for every 'guy' that was steered in there. Baar asked me to have a drink. He wanted to open a bottle of wine but I took whisky. Baar then asked me not to mention his place in any testimony I might give before the Lexow committee. I had two drinks and then became dizzy. Reardon standing over me with a knife. I did not cut myself and made no attempt to stab Reardon. The next thing I remember was when they had me bound down in the 'Chambers-street Hospital.' I wanted to free myself but one of the policemen standing over me threatened to gouge my eyes out. I have been a marked man ever since I was a witness before the Lexow committee. I was followed last week and when I pointed out the man who was after me to a policeman I got only the laugh for my pains."

The court-room Appo stated to detective Lemon, who is in the employ of the Senate committee, that the police, in taking him to the station, the chambers-street Hospital, had handled him in a brutal manner. In confirmation he showed his leg, which was swollen to almost twice its natural size, and said he was so sore that the hospital physicians had thought best to bandage it. Lemon, who has been investigating the case, said that Appo had been drugged and assaulted with murderous intent, and that he had the proof of it. Reardon and Baar repeated their story of yesterday that Appo went into the hotel crazy drunk and said his life was worth \$2. He said he would show he was square by cutting his throat, and tried to do so with a knife.

## SOLD TO ENGLISHMEN

WISCONSIN PAPER AND PULP MILLS, VALUED AT \$10,000,000.

Cost of Marketing the Product to Be Reduced by the Establishment of One Sale and Shipping Point.

APPLETON, Wis., Sept. 29.—The great syndicate deal since the purchase of the Wisconsin paper and pulp mills by English capitalists has just been concluded, and unless something unforeseen occurs all the paper and pulp mills on Fox river will pass into the hands of an English syndicate on April 1. It is learned from parties interested in the sale that every paper and pulp maker on Fox river, with two exceptions, has signed a contract giving options on all mills, machinery, water rights, leases and other property. The option is good for six months from Oct. 1. The two firms who have not yet signed have agreed to do so Monday. The reason for the delay is to gain time to complete schedules of the property, which must be attached to the options when delivered to the syndicate in London.

The properties involved in the deal include twenty-nine paper and twenty-one pulp mills, situated at Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Kimberly, Little Chute, Kaukauna, Combined Locks and Deper, along Fox river for a distance of twenty-five miles. The value of these plants is estimated at \$10,000,000. The daily product when run to the full capacity amounts to 1,300 miles of paper in a sheet twenty-six inches wide and 360 tons of pulp. The value of the product is about twenty-five million dollars. The terms of the option provide that the value of the plants be reckoned on a basis of actual cost, and the business records and present value of the water rights and leases, and the earning capacity of the mills as shown by the past business records. The payment for the properties is to be half cash and half in three years, to be secured by mortgages on the mills and power.

The deal has been worked up by Frank B. Rowland of Chicago, who has been on foot several weeks. When first made public it met with considerable opposition. It was established that Rowland was acting entirely for himself; that he would get as many options as possible and then sell them on the market. Inquiry in England by interested parties, it is stated, exploded this theory. The price for the plants is to be paid in three installments. It is believed that now that the Fox river plants, which comprise three-fourths of the industry in the State, have been secured, the plants of the Wisconsin river and other districts, valued at \$2,000,000, will be sold to the syndicate. The business under the new proprietors, the present active owners are to be retained as managers, as also are all heads of departments and the mechanical portion of the mills. The greatest change will be in the clerical departments. An office will be established at Chicago, at which the business of the mills will be transacted. An immense warehouse will also be established there from which the sales and shipments will be made. In this way the cost of marketing the product of the Wisconsin mills will be reduced to a small fraction of the present cost.

## Pensions for Veterans.

The applications of the following named Indians have been granted:

Original—Benjamin Summers, Randolph, Randolph; Charles L. Dalrymple, Indianapolis, Marion.

Increase—Jesse L. Hall, Glazen, Pike; George W. Wilcox, Tyler City, Marshall; Theodore R. Best, Seymour, Jackson.

Relieve and Increase—James R. Bartholomew, Kempton, Tippecanoe.

Original Widows, etc.—Rebecca Stone, Come, Jay.

## Goulds Protest Against Taxes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The children of the late Jay Gould and the executors of his

## THE NEW YORK STORE

Established 1853.

## WITH A RUSH

Went the Stock of Reaume & Frenk Last Week. More of It Ready To-Morrow.

In the rush of getting ready last week there were many things which had to be left over, we couldn't get them marked. It all goes on sale in the morning.

REAU & FRENK'S

HANDKERCHIEFS GLOVES and

UMBRELLAS JEWELRY

Prices like last week's; the kind that make people get up early. Read once and you'll not forget them.

R. & F. HANDKERCHIEFS

Gents' Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs; R. & F. sold them at 25c, 35c and 50c; our price, 12 1/2c.

Gents' all-linen Corded Border Handkerchiefs, R. & F.'s price 20c; our price, 15c.

Fine quality linen finish Handkerchiefs, R. & F.'s price 10c each; our price, 4 for 25c.

Just to make things interesting, we put in some Ladies' Handkerchiefs at way down prices.

Colored Bordered ones at 1c.

Ladies' white hemstitched all-linen Handkerchiefs, were 10c; now 7c each or 4 for 25c.

Ladies' White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, the 25c kind 19c; 50c kind 39c each.

REAU & FRENK UMBRELLAS

Gents' 26-inch and 28-inch Silk Gloria Umbrellas, R. & F. \$2 kind, for \$1.

28-inch Silk Twill Umbrella; half the R. & F. Price goes on these; \$3 kinds for \$1.50.

Fine Union Twill Umbrellas, R. & F. price \$3.75; our price, \$2.

Fine Paragon-frame, Silk Serge, English Oak Loops, the \$1.50 kind, at \$1.

Children's School Umbrellas, with natural-wood handles and gold tops, at 35c, 65c and 89c.

GLOVES FROM R. & F.

Men's self-lined Jersey Gloves; sold by R. & F. for 50c; our price, 19c.

Men's Black and Colored lined Jersey Cashmere Gloves; the R. & F. 75c kind for 29c.

Extra quality Cashmere Glove, R. & F. \$1 kind, for 39c.

R. & F. \$2 Dogskin and lined Mocha Gloves at 75c a pair.

R. & F. \$2.25 unlined Dress Glove for 98c; a great opportunity.

Men's Colored Cashmere Mufflers, the 50c kind, 19c.

Star Cuff-holders, the R. & F. 15c kind, for 5c.

JEWELRY

R. & F. \$1.50 Cuff Buttons, 49c.

Set of 3 Pearl Studs, R. & F. price 50c; our price, 19c.

R. & F. 50c Searf Pins, 19c.

Stonine Studs, R. & F. 35c kind; our price, 15c.

R. & F. \$2 Brilliant Tie Pins, 49c.

R. & F. \$1 Tie Pins, 29c.

R. & F. \$1 Link Buttons, 25c.

R. & F. 15c and 25c Collar Buttons, 5c each.

Tie Holders, 2c each.

SPECIAL UNDERWEAR

French Balbriggan suits, the \$1 and \$1.50 quality, for 69c. It would pay you to keep them over.

If you are here early to-morrow you'll not be disappointed.

RECEIVER HAWKINS WILL AUCTION OFF THE CONCERN THURSDAY.

Little Hope for an Early Dividend to Bank Depositors—Trial of Schuyler Haughey.

The outlook for another dividend among the creditors of the Indianapolis National Bank is not at all encouraging, although the receiver is hopeful. The amount of the next dividend, if one is declared, will depend largely upon the disposition of the receipts from the sale of the Indianapolis Cabinet plant, which is advertised for next Thursday. Receiver Hawkins has had information to the effect that a company of Indianapolis capitalists, who understand the desk business, are preparing to purchase the plant at the auction sale and expect to bid it off at a figure something near its real value. This statement, however, is based upon rumor and nothing authentic is known. Should the cabinet works sell for \$100,000 the funds will doubtless fall into litigation. There are sixty creditors of the Indianapolis Cabinet Company who have signed their intention of contesting the claim of the receiver for all of the money of the plant, and have already employed attorneys to look after their interest. Should the courts decide that these creditors have a legal claim on a share of the receipts the receiver cannot hope to realize more than \$80,000 out of the amount, conceding that the plant brings \$100,000 at public sale.

In the United States Court it has already been decided that the National Bank of Noblesville and the Cooper Insurance Company held \$88,000 worth of stock in the insolvent institution, and the Noblesville bank was assessed for \$2,000. Two New Hampshire banks have been sued and have been identical with those filed against the Indiana stockholders. Had these stock assessments been paid as directed by the court the funds already in the hands of the receiver would have been swelled many times. The proceeds from the sale of the stockholders will appeal from Judge Baker and the case may remain pending until the next autumn. But the amount of money and good commercial paper now held by Receiver Hawkins would not agree with a sufficient sum to justify a dividend unless the judgments of the courts favor the receiver in the suits that will no doubt be brought within the next year an early dividend is out of the question.

The trial of Schuyler C. Haughey, for complicity in the wrecking of the Indianapolis National Bank, will probably be called early in November. District Attorney Barker says to the effect that Haughey will not be tried until the Coffins have been disposed of. However, it is understood that the stockholders will appeal from Judge Baker and the case may remain pending until the next autumn. But the amount of money and good commercial paper now held by Receiver Hawkins would not agree with a sufficient sum to justify a dividend unless the judgments of the courts favor the receiver in the suits that will no doubt be brought within the next year an early dividend is out of the question.

During the week there were ten cases of scarlet fever, out of diphtheria, one of measles. Total number births, 28; number of deaths, 23. The number of deaths is the smallest for many years, the record being for the same week of 1888, 29; 1889, 32; 1890, 30; 1891, 42; 1892, 29; 1893, 41.

## A Low Death Record.

Charles and Rosa Cook, boy, 609 Williams street.

Charles and Anna Cole, boy, 155 West Madison street.

Henry and Laura Genes, girl, 150 Elizabeth street.

E. E. and Bessie Kaer, boy, 748 North Capitol avenue.

Frank and Maggie Smock, boy, 1100 Washington street.

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